#### **REGISTRATION OF A BIRTH**

Please read the guidance notes before Official Use Only completing sections 1 to 5 Date Registered. Entry No. This form should be completed in CAPITAL ...... Letters and handed to the Registrar. No. of Certs..... Signed..... Postal Applications cannot be accepted. Please read our privacy notice to see how we use and protect your personal information at www.finance-ni.gov.uk/publications/nisra-privacy-notices PLEASE NOTE - CHANGING A BIRTH REGISTRATION ONCE **COMPLETED IS A COMPLEX PROCEDURE** 1. Details of Child Forename 1 Forename 2 Other Forenames Surname Sex of Child Place of Birth Date of Birth Multiple Birth If yes, please state time of birth No 2. Details of Mother Forename(s) Surname Maiden Surname Previously Married/Civil Partnership No Surname at Marriage/Civil Partnership (If different from maiden surname) Date of Birth Place of Birth Place of Current Marriage/Civil Date of Current Marriage/Civil Partnership Partnership Occupation No. of Previous Stillborn No. of Previous Live Born Address including Post Code Home Tel. No. Work Tel. No. Mobile No. Email 3. Details of Father / \*Second Female Parent Forename(s) Surname Date of Birth Place of Birth Occupation Address including Post Code

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Work Tel. No.

Email

Home Tel. No.

Mobile No.

### REGISTRATION OF A BIRTH

| 4. Details of Informant (Name an   | nd Address of person registering the bir           | th)          |  |
|--|--|--------------|--|
| Forename(s)  |  |              |  |
| Surname  |  |              |  |
| Relationship to Child  |  |              |  |
| Address including Post Code  |  |              |  |
|  |  |              |  |
| Home Tel No.   |  | Work Tel No. |  |
| Mobile No.   |  | Email        |  |
|  |  | 1            |  |
|  |  |              |  |
| 4(b). Details of Second Informa  | <b>Int</b> (in the case of a joint registration of | the birth)   |  |
| Forename(s)  |  |              |  |
| Surname  |  |              |  |
| Relationship to Child  |  |              |  |
| Address including Post Code  |  | •            |  |
|  |  |              |  |
| Home Tel No.   |  | Work Tel No. |  |
| Mobile No.   |  | Email        |  |
|  |  | -            |  |
| 5. Certificate Language  |  |              |  |
| Do you want the birth certificate produced in: English $\square$ Irish $\square$ Bi-lingual English/Irish $\square$  |  |              |  |
| Please use the tick box to indicate the language that you want the birth certificate to be produced in, this can be English, Irish or bi-lingual English/Irish.  If you decide to opt for an Irish or bi-lingual certificate the headings will be shown in Irish or bi-lingual English/Irish with the content, the details regarding the birth, in English.  Please note that once the selection has been made, all future birth certificates will be produced in this language. |  |              |  |
| 6. Declaration   |  |              |  |
| * I/We confirm that the information given on this form is correct.   |  |              |  |
| Informant Signature(s)   |  |              |  |
| <b>Please note:</b> The Registrar will complete the registration with the details you have provided on this form. You will then be asked to check and sign the registration.   |  |              |  |
| The registration is the legal record of the birth and you should only sign when you are satisfied that the details are correct.  |  |              |  |

THIS FORM ONCE COMPLETED SHOULD BE TAKEN TO ANY DISTRICT REGISTRAR'S OFFICE IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

For a list of offices and their opening times please see <a href="www.nidirect.gov.uk/contacts/district-registrars-northern-ireland">www.nidirect.gov.uk/contacts/district-registrars-northern-ireland</a> here you can select the letter of the District or select the link for local councils. They can also be found in the telephone book and Yellow Pages under Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages.

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# REGISTRATION OF A BIRTH NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

#### Why register a birth?

- By law all births occurring in Northern Ireland must be registered. You will require proof of the birth for various purposes including claiming child benefit and registering your baby with a doctor. A birth must be registered within 42 days of the date of birth.
- You should ensure that the Name(s) and Surname of the child are those by which the child is to be known.

#### Who can register the birth?

- the mother **or** father / \*second female parent (if married / in a civil partnership with each other);
- the mother and father / \*second female parent (if unmarried / not in a civil partnership);

  If the mother or father / \*second female parent of the child are unable to register the birth, the following people are also qualified to register the birth;
- a grandmother, grandfather, aunt or uncle of the baby who has knowledge of the birth;
- the occupier of the premises in which the baby was born (this includes the matron, governor, etc.);
- · any person present at the birth;
- any person having charge of the child.

In the case of a child born to parents who are not married / in a civil partnership with each other, please see the section **How do we jointly register the birth?** or ask the Registrar for advice.

#### Where can the birth be registered?

• any District Registrar's office in Northern Ireland.

Registrar's addresses and telephone numbers can be found at <a href="https://www.nidirect.gov.uk/contacts/district-registrars-northern-ireland">www.nidirect.gov.uk/contacts/district-registrars-northern-ireland</a> they can also be found in the telephone book and Yellow Pages under Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages.

#### What will the registrar give you?

Once the registration is completed, the Registrar will issue the following forms:-

- one free short birth certificate; and
- an infant Registration Form HS123 to register with the family doctor and obtain a medical card.

#### What is the purpose of registration?

The records provide positive information about individuals and are used for many legal and administrative purposes (for example: National Insurance, Education, Transfer of Property, Employment, Obtaining a Passport, etc.)

Information collected on this form is used for the preparation and supply of statistical information (for example: Fertility Rates, Population Estimates, etc). published yearly in the Registrar General Annual Report. Some of the information is strictly confidential and does not appear on the birth certificate.

\*Second female parent is determined in accordance with Part 2 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008, *Parenthood in Cases Involving Assisted Reproduction*. Sections 42 to 43 set out the conditions for <u>Cases in</u> which woman to be other parent.

PLEASE NOTE: a woman cannot be treated as second female parent where the child has been conceived naturally. If you have any queries about these conditions, you should consult with a solicitor.

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## JOINTLY REGISTERING YOUR BABY'S BIRTH IMPORTANT NOTES FOR UNMARRIED PARENTS OR PARENTS NOT IN A CIVIL PARTNERSHIP

#### Who is responsible for children?

Married parents or parents in a civil partnership are both responsible in law for their children. They both have parental responsibility. A father who is not married or in a civil partnership with the mother does not have parental responsibility. Unmarried mothers have it automatically. A father who is not married or in a civil partnership with the mother can get parental responsibility simply by jointly registering the birth of the child with the mother or by making a parental responsibility agreement with the child's mother and registering it with the Office of Care and Protection at the High Court in Belfast or by getting a Court Order.

#### How do we jointly register the birth?

The two most common ways are:

- 1. **The mother and father / \*second female parent together** can ask the Registrar to record both their names on the birth certificate. Then the mother and father / \*second female parent each sign the register, in the other's presence; or
- 2. **The mother or Father** separately can ask the Registrar to record the father's details on the birth certificate. The Registrar will only do so provided both the mother and father complete declaration of paternity forms (properly signed and witnessed) which record the father's details. The Registrar can supply these forms and advice.

#### What is parental responsibility?

The law says that parental responsibility is "all the rights, duties, powers, responsibility and authority which, by law, a parent of a child has in relation to the child and his property". It enables you to look after your children and do everything they need for their well-being.

It gives you the right to make important decisions about your child's life - like who they should live with, or where they should go to school. It means you are the person who consents to medical treatment for your child. There is no complete list of decisions that someone with parental responsibility can take for a child, because so many different decisions can come up.

Even if you do not have parental responsibility for your child, the law says you have to help pay for their upbringing. (For more information, visit the website <a href="https://www.nidirect.gov.uk">www.nidirect.gov.uk</a>).

#### What about my other children?

The law only applies to children born on or after 15 April 2002. If you are a father who is not married or a civil partner and want to get parental responsibility for your older children, you can:

- Make a parental responsibility agreement with the child's mother and register it with the Office of Care and Protection at the High Court in Belfast.
- · Get a Court Order.

#### What if I'm not sure?

You do not have to jointly register your child's birth and both parents have to agree. Some people do not want to. An unmarried mother may register the birth on her own without providing details of the father.

If you are not sure about joint registration after reading these guidance notes, do not just go ahead, tell the Registrar you need a few days to think about it. You could also talk to a solicitor about anything that is worrying you, or contact other organisations offering support and advice to parents.

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